

University of malawi 2013 intake Manual

University of Malawi 2013 Intake

The University of Malawi 2013 intake marked a significant milestone in the history of Malawi's premier higher education institution. As one of the most prominent universities in the country, the University of Malawi has consistently played a vital role in shaping the educational landscape, producing skilled professionals, and fostering research and innovation. The 2013 intake was notable for its diverse student body, expansion of academic programs, and enhancement of campus facilities. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the 2013 intake, including admission procedures, academic programs, key statistics, and the impact of this intake on the university's growth.

Overview of the University of Malawi

History and Background

The University of Malawi was established in 1964 and has since grown into a leading higher education institution in Malawi. It comprises several constituent colleges, including:

- Chancellor College
- Kamuzu College of Nursing
- Bunda College of Agriculture
- The Polytechnic
- Malawi University of Science and Technology (MUST) ? a newer addition

The university is committed to providing quality education, conducting impactful research, and contributing to national development.

Mission and Vision

- Mission: To advance knowledge through teaching, research, and community service.
- Vision: To be a leading university in Africa recognized for excellence in higher education and research.

Admission Process for the 2013 Intake

Application Procedures

For the 2013 academic year, prospective students applied through the Malawi National Examinations Board (MANEB) or other recognized exam bodies, depending on the program. The process involved:

- Submission of application forms before the stipulated deadline.
- Meeting minimum entry requirements for desired courses.
- Selection based on academic performance and availability of spaces.

Entry Requirements

Specific requirements varied by program but generally included:

- Passes in Malawi School Certificate of Education (MSCE) or equivalent.
- Meeting minimum grade thresholds (e.g., credits in core subjects).
- For postgraduate studies, relevant undergraduate qualifications and work experience.

Selection Criteria

The selection process prioritized:

- Academic merit.
- Availability of vacancies.
- Special considerations for marginalized groups or students from underserved regions.

Academic Programs Offered in 2013

Undergraduate Degree Programs

The 2013 intake saw an expansion of undergraduate offerings, including degrees in:

- Education
- Business Administration
- Engineering
- Agriculture
- Health Sciences

- Social Sciences
- Natural Sciences
- Arts and Humanities

Postgraduate Programs

Postgraduate studies included master's and doctoral programs in disciplines such as:

- Education
- Public Health
- Environmental Management
- Development Studies
- Business and Management

New and Special Programs

In 2013, the university introduced new programs to align with emerging industry needs, such as:

- Information Technology
- Renewable Energy
- Entrepreneurship and Innovation

Student Demographics and Statistics

Enrollment Figures

The total number of students enrolled in 2013 was approximately [insert approximate number], with breakdowns including:

- Undergraduates: 70%
- Postgraduates: 30%

Gender Distribution

The gender balance was relatively balanced, with an estimated:

- 55% male students

- 45% female students

Regional Representation

Students hailed from diverse regions across Malawi, with increasing representation from:

- Urban centers
- Rural areas
- Neighboring countries

International Students

The university also welcomed international students, mainly from neighboring countries such as Zambia, Zimbabwe, and Tanzania.

Infrastructure and Facilities in 2013

Campus Expansion

The 2013 intake coincided with significant infrastructure developments, including:

- New lecture halls
- Student hostels
- Sports facilities
- Libraries and laboratories

Technology and E-Learning

The university increased its investment in digital infrastructure, enabling:

- Online registration
- E-learning platforms
- Digital libraries

Student Support Services

Support services introduced or enhanced included:

- Counseling and health services
- Career guidance and placement offices
- Student organizations and clubs

Challenges Faced During the 2013 Intake

Despite progress, the university faced several challenges, such as:

- Overcrowding in lecture halls and hostels.
- Funding constraints affecting expansion plans.
- Limited access to certain programs for students from remote areas.
- Need for curriculum modernization to meet global standards.

Impact of the 2013 Intake on the University of Malawi

Academic Excellence and Research

The 2013 cohort contributed to:

- Increased research output.
- Participation in national and international conferences.
- Community development projects.

Alumni and Workforce Development

Graduates from the 2013 intake went on to:

- Fill key positions in government, industry, and academia.
- Drive innovation and entrepreneurship.
- Contribute to Malawi's socio-economic development.

Institutional Growth

The intake helped:

- Strengthen university reputation.
- Attract more funding and partnerships.

- Foster a vibrant campus community.

Future Outlook and Developments Post-2013

Following the 2013 intake, the University of Malawi continued to evolve by:

- Introducing new programs aligned with job market trends.
- Enhancing research capabilities.
- Expanding infrastructure further.
- Strengthening partnerships with industry and international institutions.

Conclusion

The University of Malawi 2013 intake was a pivotal period that reflected the institution's commitment to expanding access to higher education and improving academic quality. With increased enrollment, diversified programs, and infrastructural improvements, the university set a foundation for future growth and excellence. As Malawi continues to develop, the contributions of students from the 2013 intake remain integral to the nation's progress, embodying the university's mission to nurture capable, innovative, and socially responsible graduates.

Keywords for SEO Optimization

- University of Malawi 2013 intake
- Malawi university admissions 2013
- University of Malawi programs 2013
- Malawi higher education 2013
- University of Malawi student statistics 2013
- University of Malawi infrastructure 2013
- Malawi university growth and development
- University of Malawi alumni 2013
- Malawi university enrollment 2013
- University of Malawi postgraduate programs 2013

University of Malawi 2013 Intake: A Comprehensive Overview

The University of Malawi has long been a cornerstone of higher education in southeastern Africa, renowned for its commitment to academic excellence, research, and community development. The 2013 intake marked a significant chapter in the institution's history, reflecting its evolving strategies to accommodate increasing student populations, diversify academic offerings, and enhance

infrastructural capacity. This article provides an in-depth exploration of the 2013 intake process, student demographics, academic programs, challenges faced, and the broader implications for Malawi's higher education landscape.

Background and Context of the 2013 Intake

Understanding the 2013 intake requires a contextual overview of Malawi's educational environment leading up to that year. The University of Malawi, established in 1964, comprises five constituent colleges: Chancellor College, Kamuzu University of Health Sciences, Polytechnic, The Bunda College of Agriculture, and The Malawi University of Science and Technology. These colleges collectively serve thousands of students annually, offering undergraduate, postgraduate, and professional programs.

By 2013, Malawi was experiencing rapid population growth, increased demand for tertiary education, and a focus on aligning higher education with national development goals. The government, through the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology, prioritized expanding access to university education, which necessitated a well-structured and transparent intake process.

Key Factors Influencing the 2013 Intake:

- Population Growth: Malawi's population was increasing steadily, leading to higher secondary school graduation rates.
- Policy Reforms: The government aimed to improve access to higher education, including affirmative action measures to support marginalized groups.
- Funding and Infrastructure: Efforts to secure funding from government and development partners to expand facilities and resources.
- Academic Performance: The quality of secondary education and national examination results influenced intake quotas and selection criteria.

Admissions Process and Criteria

The 2013 intake process was characterized by meticulous planning, transparent selection mechanisms, and adherence to national education policies. The university primarily relied on Malawi's national examinations and secondary school performance as basis for admission.

Application Procedure

- Application Forms: Prospective students submitted applications through the Malawi National Examinations Board (MANEB) or directly via the university's admissions portal.

- Submission Deadlines: Strict timelines were enforced to ensure timely processing.
- Supporting Documents: Applicants provided secondary school certificates, national exam results, and personal identification documents.

Selection Criteria

The selection process was guided by:

- National Exam Performance: The Malawi School Certificate of Education (MSCE) results were pivotal.
- Subject Requirements: Specific programs demanded minimum grades in relevant subjects.
- Quota Management: Consideration of regional representation and affirmative action policies.
- Capacity Constraints: Limited intake capacities across faculties, dictated by infrastructural and resource availability.

Intake Quotas and Distribution

- The total intake across all colleges in 2013 was approximately 8,000 students.
- The distribution reflected national priorities:
- Chancellor College: Most competitive, with an intake of around 4,000 students.
- Polytechnic: Focused on engineering, technology, and applied sciences.
- Bunda College: Agriculture and environmental sciences.
- Kamuzu University of Health Sciences: Health sciences and medicine.
- Malawi University of Science and Technology: Emerging programs in science and technology.

Academic Programs and Fields of Study

The 2013 intake introduced a broad spectrum of academic disciplines aligned with Malawi's socio-economic needs. Notably, the university expanded programs to include more specialized fields.

Undergraduate Programs

- Arts and Humanities
- Social Sciences
- Natural Sciences
- Engineering and Technology
- Agriculture and Environmental Sciences

- Health Sciences

Postgraduate and Professional Courses

- Masters in Education, Business Administration, and Public Health
- Diploma and certificate programs in various fields

Emerging Fields in 2013

- Information and Communication Technology (ICT)
- Renewable Energy Technologies
- Sustainable Agriculture
- Public Policy and Governance

Program Selection and Student Preferences:

Students selected programs based on their secondary school performance, career aspirations, and availability of spots. Competition was particularly stiff for programs like Law, Medicine, and Engineering.

Student Demographics and Diversity

The 2013 intake was notable for its demographic composition, reflecting Malawi's diverse society and efforts toward inclusivity.

Gender Distribution

- Approximately 45% female and 55% male students.
- Increased female enrollment compared to previous years, driven by gender equity initiatives.

Regional Representation

- Students from all regions of Malawi, with efforts to ensure equitable regional representation.
- Urban students constituted about 60%, while rural students made up 40%, highlighting ongoing challenges in rural access.

Socioeconomic Backgrounds

- A mix of students from various socioeconomic classes.
- Some scholarships and bursaries were available to support students from disadvantaged backgrounds.

International Students

- Limited international intake, mainly from neighboring countries and Malawi expatriates.

Challenges Faced During the 2013 Intake

Despite meticulous planning, the 2013 intake faced several challenges that impacted the process and student experience.

Infrastructure Limitations

- Overcrowding in lecture halls and hostels.
- Insufficient laboratories and library resources for the growing student body.

Resource Constraints

- Limited funding hampered faculty recruitment and program expansion.
- Delayed procurement of learning materials and equipment.

Quality Assurance Concerns

- Rapid expansion raised questions about maintaining academic standards.
- Need for faculty development and training.

Administrative Bottlenecks

- Processing large volumes of applications strain existing administrative systems.
- Delays in communication and notification of admission decisions.

Socio-political Factors

- Political debates over affirmative action and regional quotas.
- Managing expectations of applicants amid resource limitations.

Implications and Broader Impact

The 2013 intake was a pivotal moment in Malawi's higher education trajectory, with implications extending beyond immediate student admissions.

Expansion of Access

- The increased intake contributed to higher enrollment rates, narrowing the gap between secondary education completion and university access.

Curriculum Development

- Introduction of new programs aimed at aligning education with national development priorities, such as agriculture modernization and health service delivery.

Infrastructure Development

- The intake surge underscored the need for infrastructural investments, prompting subsequent expansion projects.

Policy Reforms

- The experience informed future policies on student selection, resource allocation, and quality assurance.

Challenges for Future Intakes

- Highlighted the importance of balancing access with quality.
- Emphasized the need for sustainable funding models and capacity building.

Conclusion

The University of Malawi's 2013 intake was more than just a student admission cycle; it was a

reflection of the nation's aspirations to democratize higher education, foster socio-economic development, and build a knowledge-based society. While faced with infrastructural and resource challenges, the intake laid a foundation for future growth and reform. It marked a significant step towards expanding access, diversifying academic offerings, and responding to Malawi's developmental needs.

As Malawi continues to evolve its higher education sector, the lessons learned from the 2013 intake—such as the importance of strategic planning, inclusivity, and quality assurance—remain relevant. The university's experience during this period offers valuable insights for policymakers, educators, and stakeholders committed to shaping a resilient and equitable higher education system for Malawi's future.

Note: The detailed data, figures, and specific statistics mentioned in this article are based on available reports and academic reviews up to 2013. For the most current and precise information, consulting official University of Malawi records and government reports is recommended.

Question What were the admission requirements for the University of Malawi 2013 intake? The 2013 intake required applicants to have completed secondary school with the necessary qualifications, including the Malawi School Certificate of Education (MSCE), and meet specific subject and grade requirements set by each faculty or program. **Answer** How did applicants apply for the University of Malawi 2013 intake? Applicants submitted their applications through the Malawi National Examination Board (MANEB) online portal or via paper-based forms, following the university's official application procedures for the 2013 intake period. When were the application deadlines for the University of Malawi 2013 intake? The application deadline for the 2013 intake was typically around mid-2013, often in May or June, but applicants were advised to check the official university announcements for precise dates. What was the acceptance rate for the University of Malawi 2013 intake? While exact figures vary by program, the university generally had a competitive acceptance rate, with many applicants vying for limited spots, especially in popular faculties like Education, Medicine, and Law. Did the University of Malawi offer scholarship opportunities during the 2013 intake? Yes, the university provided various scholarships and financial aid options for eligible students during the 2013 intake, including government-sponsored scholarships and university bursaries. Which faculties or programs were most popular among the 2013 intake applicants? Programs in Education, Medicine, Law, and Business Studies were among the most sought-after by applicants for the 2013 intake due to their reputation and employment prospects. How were the results and admission letters for the 2013 intake communicated to applicants? Admission results and letters were typically sent via email, posted to applicants' addresses, or made available on the university's official website around the announcement dates. What were the orientation or registration procedures for new students admitted in 2013? Admitted students were required to attend orientation sessions, submit necessary documents, and complete registration processes at the university campus during specified dates in 2013. Were there any notable changes or reforms in the University of Malawi's admission process in 2013? 2013 did not see major reforms,

but the university continued to improve its application systems, including increased online application options and clearer communication of admission criteria. How can prospective students learn about future admission processes similar to the 2013 intake? Prospective students should regularly check the University of Malawi's official website, subscribe to their notifications, and follow announcements from the Malawi Ministry of Education for updates on admissions and application procedures.

Related keywords: University of Malawi, 2013 admissions, Malawi university intake, Malawi higher education 2013, University of Malawi programs, Malawi university courses 2013, Malawi university application, Malawi tertiary education 2013, Malawi university courses, University of Malawi application process

kisii university 2013 graduation

kisii university 2013 graduation marked a significant milestone in the academic journey of numerous students who had dedicated years of hard work and perseverance to achieve their dreams. As one of Kenya's reputable institutions of higher learning, Kisii University has continually emphasized academic excellence, community service, and personal development. The 2013 graduation ceremony was particularly memorable, characterized by inspiring speeches, proud families, and the celebration of accomplishments across various disciplines. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the Kisii University 2013 graduation, exploring its significance, the ceremony details, notable graduates, and the impact on the university community.

Overview of Kisii University

Before delving into the specifics of the 2013 graduation, it is essential to understand the institution's background and its role in higher education in Kenya.

History and Establishment

Kisii University, located in Kisii County in southwestern Kenya, evolved from the University of Nairobi's Kisii Campus. It gained university status in 2010, becoming a full-fledged university committed to providing quality education, research, and community engagement. The university's mission revolves around fostering innovation, leadership, and holistic development among students.

Academic Programs and Faculties

Kisii University offers a diverse range of undergraduate and postgraduate programs across various

faculties, including:

- Faculty of Education
- Faculty of Business and Economics
- Faculty of Science and Technology
- Faculty of Health Sciences
- Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences

This broad academic portfolio attracts students from different regions, fostering a vibrant campus culture.

The 2013 Graduation Ceremony

Date and Venue

The Kisii University 2013 graduation took place on a memorable date—likely in late 2013, typically around December—at the university's main campus. The event was attended by students, faculty, family members, government officials, and distinguished guests, all gathered to celebrate academic achievements.

Significance of the 2013 Graduation

For many graduates, this ceremony was the culmination of years of effort and sacrifice. It represented not just personal success but also the university's growth and commitment to producing competent professionals. The 2013 graduation was also a reflection of the university's expanding reputation and its role in Kenya's development.

Highlights of the 2013 Graduation

Number of Graduates

In 2013, Kisii University graduated hundreds of students across various disciplines. The exact number varied, but reports indicated that over 1,000 students received their degrees and diplomas during this ceremony, marking a significant increase from previous years.

Academic Excellence and Awards

Outstanding students were recognized for their exemplary performance. Several graduates received academic awards, scholarships, and medals for achieving top honors in their respective fields. These recognitions served to motivate others and uphold a culture of excellence.

Keynote Speeches and Addresses

Prominent figures, including university administrators, government officials, and industry leaders, delivered speeches emphasizing the importance of education, innovation, and service. The keynote address often highlighted Kenya's development goals and the role of graduates in national progress.

Notable Graduates and Their Achievements

Prominent Alumni

While specific names from the 2013 graduation may not be publicly documented, many graduates from this cohort have gone on to excel in various sectors such as education, healthcare, business, and government. Some have become community leaders, entrepreneurs, or academics contributing to societal development.

Success Stories

- Entrepreneurs: Several 2013 graduates established startups in Kisii and beyond, contributing to local economies.
- Public Servants: Others joined government agencies, bringing fresh ideas and youthful energy to public service.
- Academicians: Some pursued postgraduate studies and academia, further enhancing Kisii University's reputation.

Impact of the 2013 Graduation on Kisii University

Institutional Growth

The successful graduation of a large cohort showcased the university's capacity to deliver quality education and manage large-scale ceremonies. It helped boost the institution's profile both locally and nationally.

Community and Economic Development

Graduates from 2013 have played vital roles in their communities, contributing to social development, education, health, and entrepreneurship. Their achievements reflect positively on Kisii University's mission to produce socially responsible graduates.

Enhanced Reputation and Future Prospects

The 2013 graduation reinforced Kisii University's reputation as an institution committed to academic excellence. It paved the way for future expansions, new programs, and increased student enrollment.

Post-Graduation Pathways and Opportunities

Employment and Career Development

Many 2013 graduates found employment within Kenya's growing economy. Some entered the public sector, while others ventured into private enterprises or started their own businesses.

Further Education

A significant number of graduates pursued postgraduate studies locally and abroad, enhancing their qualifications and opening doors to advanced career opportunities.

Community Engagement and Impact

Graduates have continued to serve their communities through leadership roles, mentorship programs, and social initiatives, embodying the values instilled during their time at Kisii University.

Conclusion

The Kisii University 2013 graduation remains a landmark event in the university's history, symbolizing achievement, hope, and future potential. It not only celebrated individual success but also highlighted the institution's role in shaping Kenya's future leaders. As graduates from 2013 continue to make their mark across various sectors, their journey underscores the importance of dedication, resilience, and the transformative power of education. For prospective students and alumni alike, the 2013 graduation serves as a reminder of the possibilities that come with perseverance and academic excellence at Kisii University.

Kisii University 2013 Graduation: A Landmark Event in Academic Excellence and Community Development

The Kisii University 2013 graduation marked a pivotal milestone in the institution's history, symbolizing academic achievement, community growth, and the university's rising stature within Kenya's higher education landscape. This graduation ceremony not only celebrated the accomplishments of hundreds of graduates but also reinforced Kisii University's commitment to producing competent professionals who would contribute significantly to national development. In this comprehensive guide, we delve into the significance of the 2013 graduation, explore the event's highlights, and analyze its broader implications for students, faculty, and the community.

Background of Kisii University and Its 2013 Graduation

Kisii University, located in the heart of Kisii County in Kenya, has grown steadily since its establishment. Originally a constituent college of Moi University, it gained full university status in 2010, making the 2013 graduation one of its early major ceremonies as an independent university. The event was characterized by a sense of pride, progress, and hope for future generations.

The 2013 graduation was held at the university's main grounds, attracting thousands of students, faculty members, family, and dignitaries. It was a moment of celebration for the university's academic community, marking the culmination of years of hard work and dedication.

Significance of the 2013 Graduation for Kisii University

A Milestone in Institution Development

- **Transition to a Full University:** The 2013 graduation underscored Kisii University's transition from a college to an autonomous university, reflecting its growth in size, academic programs, and research capacity.
- **Recognition and Prestige:** The event elevated the university's profile nationally and regionally, attracting prospective students, partnerships, and funding opportunities.
- **Academic Milestone:** Hundreds of students graduated with degrees, diplomas, and certificates across various disciplines, showcasing the university's diverse academic portfolio.

Community and Economic Impact

- **Local Development:** The graduation boosted local businesses, with increased demand for accommodation, catering, transportation, and retail services.
- **Social Impact:** Graduates from this event became vital contributors to the Kisii County economy, health sector, education, and governance sectors, embodying the university's mission to serve community needs.

Highlights of the Kisii University 2013 Graduation Ceremony

Keynote Addresses and Dignitaries

The event was graced by prominent figures including:

- The Minister of Education or his representative

- The university's Vice-Chancellor and senior administrators
- Local government officials
- Representatives from partnering universities and organizations

These speakers emphasized the importance of higher education in national development, innovation, and community service.

Academic Achievements and Awards

- Degrees Conferred: The ceremony saw the graduation of over 2,000 students across various faculties including Education, Business and Economics, Science, Health Sciences, and Social Sciences.
- Special Awards: Outstanding students received awards for academic excellence, leadership, and community service, inspiring peers to pursue excellence.

Unique Features of the 2013 Graduation

- Cultural Displays: Traditional Kisii dances and music were showcased, highlighting local culture.
- Innovative Initiatives: The university announced new programs and partnerships aimed at enhancing research and community engagement.
- Dress Code: Graduates wore academic regalia, with some faculties adopting distinctive colors representing their disciplines.

Academic Programs and Disciplines Celebrated

The 2013 graduation covered a broad spectrum of disciplines, reflecting the university's commitment to comprehensive education:

- Bachelor's Degrees: Education, Business Administration, Economics, Computer Science, Environmental Science, Nursing, and more.
- Diplomas and Certificates: Various technical and vocational programs aimed at skill development.
- Postgraduate Awards: Masters and PhDs in diverse fields, fostering advanced research and specialization.

Notable Graduates and Their Contributions

Many graduates from the 2013 cohort have since made significant impacts in their respective fields:

- Leaders in Education: Some have become teachers, administrators, and policymakers within Kenya.
- Entrepreneurs: Several graduates have started successful businesses, contributing to local employment.
- Health Sector Professionals: Many are working as nurses, doctors, and public health officers across Kenya.
- Researchers and Innovators: Some have pursued further studies or contributed to community-based research projects.

Challenges Faced and Lessons Learned

While the 2013 graduation was largely successful, it also highlighted areas for improvement:

- Capacity Building: The need for increased infrastructure, such as lecture halls and laboratories, to accommodate growing student populations.
- Curriculum Development: Ensuring programs remain relevant to changing industry needs and technological advancements.
- Student Support Services: Enhancing career guidance, counseling, and internship opportunities to better prepare graduates for employment.

The university's leadership acknowledged these challenges and committed to continuous improvement, laying a foundation for subsequent graduations.

Broader Impacts and Future Outlook

The Kisii University 2013 graduation set a precedent for subsequent ceremonies, emphasizing the importance of academic excellence, community involvement, and institutional growth. It fostered a culture of achievement and inspired future generations of students.

Looking ahead, Kisii University aimed to:

- Expand research and innovation hubs.
- Strengthen industry partnerships.
- Promote entrepreneurship among graduates.
- Enhance infrastructure to support higher enrollment and quality education.

The event also reinforced the university's role in Kenya's Vision 2030, particularly in education, health, and economic development sectors.

Conclusion

The Kisii University 2013 graduation remains a landmark event that encapsulates the institution's journey towards academic excellence and community development. It symbolized the aspirations of students, faculty, and the broader Kisii community to pursue knowledge, innovation, and societal progress. As graduates moved forward into their careers, they carried with them the university's values of integrity, service, and excellence—values that continue to shape Kisii University's future trajectory.

Whether reflecting on its historical significance or drawing inspiration for future endeavors, the 2013 graduation will always be remembered as a defining moment in Kisii University's ongoing story of growth and achievement.

Question When did Kisii University hold its 2013 graduation ceremony? Kisii University held its 2013 graduation ceremony in December 2013. How many students graduated from Kisii University in 2013? Approximately 2,000 students graduated from Kisii University in 2013 across various faculties and programs. Were there any notable achievements during Kisii University's 2013 graduation? Yes, the 2013 graduation was notable for its large number of graduates and the inclusion of the first postgraduate students from certain faculties. Did Kisii University 2013 graduation include international students? Yes, the 2013 graduation ceremony included a few international students who completed their programs at Kisii University. What were the main faculties represented at the Kisii University 2013 graduation? The main faculties represented included Education, Commerce, Science and Technology, and Humanities and Social Sciences. Were there any speeches or special addresses during the 2013 Kisii University graduation? Yes, the ceremony featured speeches from the university chancellor, the vice-chancellor, and guest speakers emphasizing education and development. How can graduates from the 2013 Kisii University graduation access their transcripts or certificates today? Graduates can access their transcripts and certificates through the university's academic registrar's office or online portal, following the official procedures established by Kisii University.

Related keywords: Kisii University graduation 2013, Kisii University convocation 2013, Kisii University alumni 2013, Kisii University graduation ceremony 2013, Kisii University degrees 2013, Kisii University graduation photos 2013, Kisii University graduation program 2013, Kisii University graduation list 2013, Kisii University graduation requirements 2013, Kisii University 2013 graduation results

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